

# Over-voltage Protection Thyristor

# **SPXXX0LB**

**ROHS** 

## **Description**

P Series solid state protection thyristor protect telecommunications equipment such as modems,line cards, fax machines, and other CPE.

P Series devices are used to enable equipment to meet various regulatory requirements including GR 1089, ITUK.20, K.21 and K.45, IEC 60950, UL 60950, and TIA-968(formerly known as FCC Part 68).



Compared to surge suppression using other technologies, P Series devices offer absolute surge protection regardless of the surge current available and the rate of applied voltage (dv/dt).

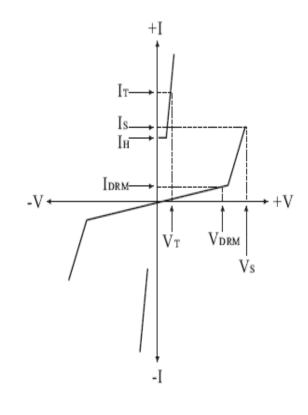
### P Series devices:

- · Cannot be damaged by voltage
- Eliminate hysteresis and heat dissipation typically found with clamping devices
- · Eliminate voltage overshoot caused by fast-rising transients
- Are non-degenerative
- · Will not fatigu
- Have low capacitance, making them ideal for high-speed transmission equipment

TIA-968(formerly known as FCC Part 68).

### **Electrical Parameters**

<b>C</b> 0	Off-state Capacitance — typical capacitance measured in off state				
	measured in off state				
di/dt	Rate of Rise of Current — maximum rated value of				
	the acceptable rate of rise in current over time				
<b>I</b> s	Switching Current — maximum current required to				
	switch to on state				
<b>I</b> DRM	Leakage Current — maximum peak off-state current				
	measured at VDRM				
$\mathbf{I}$ H	Holding Current — minimum current required to				
	maintain on state				
<b>I</b> PP	Peak Pulse Current — maximum rated peak impulse				
	current				
	On-state Current — maximum rated continuous				
	on-state current				
<b>I</b> TSM	Peak One-cycle Surge Current — maximum rated				
	one-cycle AC current				
<b>V</b> S	Switching Voltage — maximum voltage prior to				
	switching to on state				
<b>V</b> DRM	Peak Off-state Voltage — maximum voltage that can				
	be applied while maintaining off state				
<b>V</b> F	On-state Forward Voltage — maximum forward				
	voltage measured at rated on-state current				
<b>V</b> T	On-state Voltage — maximum voltage measured at				
	rated on-state current				





#### **SPXXX0LB** Over-voltage Protection Thyristor **ROHS** ElectricalCharacteristics ۷s Vт Part VDRM Is Ιτ ΙH Co IDRM Number\* Volts Volts Volts μ Amps Amps mAmps рF mAmps 25 SP0080LA 800 2.2 50 60 SP0300LA 25 2.2 40 4 5 800 50 65 SP0640LA 58 5 2. 2 150 77 4 800 45 SP0720LA 65 88 4 5 800 2.2 150 45 75 SP0900LA 98 4 5 800 2.2 150 40 SP1100LA 90 130 5 800 2.2 150 40 4 5 SP1300LA 120 160 4 800 2.2 150 40 SP1500LA 140 180 4 5 800 2. 2 150 35 170 5 2.2 SP1800LA 220 4 800 150 65 SP2000LA 180 220 4 5 800 2. 2 150 60 SP2300LA 190 260 4 5 800 2.2 150 60 SP2600LA 220 300 4 5 800 2. 2 150 45 SP3100LA 275 350 4 5 800 2.2 150 45 320 2.2 150 40 SP3500LA 400 4 5 800 SP4000LA 360 460 4 5 800 2, 2 150 40 SP4500LA 400 540 5 2.2 150 40 4 800 SP5000LA 440 600 2. 2 150 800

#### Notes:

- All measurements are made at an ambient temperature of 25°C. IPP applies to -40°C through +85°C temperature range.
- Off-state capacitance (Co) is measured at 1 MHz with a 2 V bias and is typical value.

#### Surge Ratings

Series	I <sub>PP</sub> 2x10 μs	Ipp 8x20 μs	Ipp 10х160 µs	IPP 10х560 µs	IPP 10х1000 µs	Itsm 60 Hz	di/dt
В	Amps	Amps	Amps	Amps	Amps	Amps	Amps/μs
	250	250	150	100	80	30	500

#### Thermal Considerations Package DO-15 Symbol Parameter Value Unit ТJ **Operating Junction Temperature** -40 to +150 $^{\circ}$ C Ts Storage Temperature Range -40 to +150 $^{\circ}$ C 90 °C/W RθJA Junction to Ambient on printed circuit

<sup>\*</sup> For surge ratings, see table below.

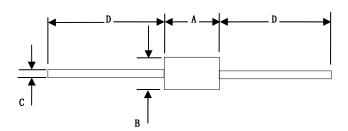


Over-voltage Protection Thyristor

SPXXX0LB

ROHS

Dimensions



Dimension	Inches		Millimeters		NOTE
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOIE
Α	0. 230	0.300	5. 80	7. 60	
В	0.104	0. 140	2.60	3. 60	Φ
С	0.026	0.034	0.70	0. 90	Φ
D	1.000		25. 40		



# Over-voltage Protection Thyristor

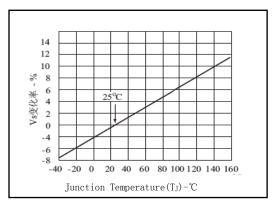
# **SPXXX0LB**

ROHS

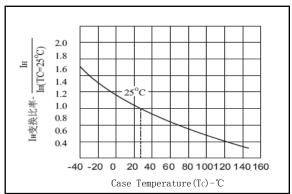
# Summary of Packing Options

Package Type	Description	Packing Quantity	Industry Standard
D0-15	Tape and Reel Pack	4000 PCS	N/A

# Thermal Derating Curves



Normalized VS Change versus Junction Temperature



Normalized DC Holding Current versus Case Temperature

